

Cloud computing

Compose: microservices app stack

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22 de setembre de 2026



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Master's degree in Machine Learning and Cybersecurity for Internet Connected Systems

Container → Service → Project/Stack

Abstract objective: Managing and provisioning computer data centers through machine-readable definition files, rather than physical hardware configuration or interactive configuration tools. The definitions may be in a version control system. Towards the culture of DevOps and Agile software development.

- Microservices
- Reproducibility
- Infrastructure as code
- Portability
- Automated environments

Compose: the basics

Let `mkdir app; app/web; and touch app/compose.yml`

`app/compose.yml`

```
services:
  db:
    image: mysql:latest
    environment:
      - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=XXX
  admindb:
    image: phpmyadmin:latest
    depends_on:
      - db
    ports:
      - "8081:80"
  web:
    image: my.registry.test/web:latest
    build:
      context: web
    ports:
      - "8080:80"
```

Deploy (foreground): `docker compose up`

Deploy (background): `docker compose up -d`

Deploy (select file): `docker compose -f compose.yml up`

Logs: `docker compose logs`

Running process: `docker compose ps`

Attach terminal: `docker compose exec web bash`

Stop: `docker compose stop`

Stop and remove: `docker compose down`

Compose: networks

By default: Creating network “app_default” with the default driver

Changing the default:

app/compose.yml

```
services:
  db:
    [...]
    networks:
      - backend
  admindb:
    [...]
    networks:
      - default
      - backend
  web:
    [...]
    depends_on:
      - admindb

networks:
  backend:
```

Compose: rollout

```
docker compose build
```

```
docker compose up -d
```

Better with versioning:

```
app/compose.yml
```

```
services:
  [...]
  web:
    image: my.registry.test/web:1
    build:
      context: web
    ports:
      - "8080:80"
```

```
docker compose up -d
```



Reverse proxy: typical web architecture

app/web/Dockerfile

```
FROM nginx:latest  
[...]  
COPY default.conf /etc/nginx/conf.d/
```

app/web/default.conf

```
server {  
    server_name default_server;  
  
    location /admin/ {  
        proxy_pass http://admindb:80/;  
    }  
    root /usr/share/nginx/html;  
}
```

```
docker compose scale admindb=4
```

Remark!: A service with publishing ports cannot scale with compose

app/compose.yml

```
services:
  [...]
  admindb:
    image: phpmyadmin:latest
    depends_on:
      - db
    #NO PORTS
    networks:
      - default
      - backend
    environment:
      - PMA_ABSOLUTE_URI=http://localhost:8080/admin/
```

Or scale permanently inside compose:

```
app/compose.yml
```

```
services:
  [...]
  admindb:
    image: phpmyadmin:latest
    depends_on:
      - db
    #NO PORTS
    networks:
      - default
      - backend
    deploy:
      replicas: 4
```

```
docker compose up -d
```

Compose: scaled rollouts or rollback

Use **tags** (versions) for images

app/compose.yml

```
services:
  [...]
  admindb:
    image: phpmyadmin:5.1
    depends_on:
      - db
    #NO PORTS
    networks:
      - default
      - backend
    deploy:
      replicas: 4
```

`docker compose up -d`

Question: do you think we can scale the database service?



Hey, we still need hardware!

```
docker stats
```

- `docker compose -p APPNAME up -d`

`app/compose.yml`

- `name: APPNAME`
`services:`
`[...]`

- Default: directory that contains the compose file